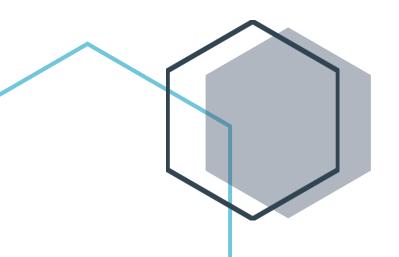
Statement of Environmental Effects

ALTERATIONS AND ADDITIONS AT 19 COOKS
AVENUE, CANTERBURY



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1.0 INTRODUCTION

This Statement of Environmental Effects (SoEE) has been prepared by Renovate Plans – Building Designers Pty Ltd to support a Development Application (DA) at 19 Cooks Avenue, Canterbury for alterations and additions located at the site. The site is currently zoned R3 - Medium Density Residential, and the proposal is considered permissible with consent.

The proposed development has been designed to comply with the controls of the relevant planning instruments and Council's development controls.

The Statement of Environmental Effects provides information about the proposed development and development site. Key planning issues, particularly regarding compliance, are addressed and is intended to assist council's consideration and determination of the application.

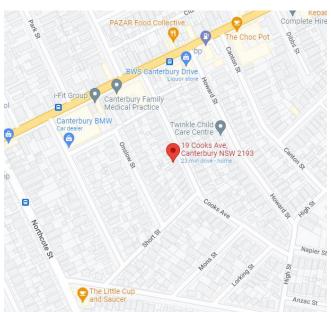
2.0 THE SITE AND ITS ENVIRONMENT

2.1 LOCATION

The property is located at 19 Cooks Avenue, Canterbury – LOT 2, DP 13971.



1 - Satellite image of the subject site



2 - Location map image of the subject site

2.2 SITE DESCRIPTION

	SITE DESCRIPTION
Shape of Allotment	Rectangular Shape
Site Frontage	10.415m
Site Depth	35.965m
Site Slope	Towards street
Existing Uses	Dwelling House

2.3 EXISTING & SURROUNDING DEVELOPMENT



3 - Left - No. 21, Centre - No. 19,



Figure 4 - Adjacent dwelling No. 17

3.0 PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT

The proposal seeks consent for the partial demolition of structures, internal reconfiguration, rear extension and an in-ground pool.



Figure 5 - Front of dwelling house



Figure 6 - Rear yard and outbuilding/garage



3.1 CANTERBURY-BANKSTOWN COUNCIL LOCAL ENVIRONMENTAL PLAN 2012 & DCP 2012

The proposed use of a dwelling house is a permissible use within R3 - Medium Density Residential land use zone. The proposal complies with the relevant development standards that relate to the site and is consistent with the relevant objectives of the Canterbury-Bankstown Council Local Environmental Plan 2012.

Accordingly, the proposal is considered to be worthy of support by Council.

TABLE OF COMPLIANCE - LOCAL ENVIRONMENTAL PLAN 2012			
CONTROL	REQUIREMENT	PROPOSED	COMPLIES
Land zoning	R2, R3, R4	R3	Yes
Floor space ratio Cl 4.4 (2A)	0.55:1	0.3:1	Yes
Height of building	8.5m maximum	5.4m	Yes
	DEVELOPMENT CONTROL PLAN	2012	
	Part B – General Controls		
B1 – Transport and Parking	2 parking spaces (existing hard stand on driveway)	2 parking spaces	Yes
B2 – Landscaping	O1 To ensure attractive settings for development, streetscapes and public domain. O2 To encourage retention and planting of large and medium size trees, and the healthy growth of trees in urban areas. O3 To contribute to the quality and amenity of communal open space on rooftops, podiums and courtyards. O4 To assist with the management of the water table and water quality. O5 To ensure that the principles of Ecologically Sustainable Development (ESD) and the protection of biodiversity and ecological processes are incorporated into landscape design and maintenance.	A landscape plan has been provided showing detailed compliance with the controls and objectives.	Yes
B3 – Tree Preservation	To prevent the indiscriminate and inappropriate lopping or removal of trees on all land within the LGA. To maintain the physical and visual appeal and amenity of the local area by preserving a healthy urban tree canopy.	No trees are proposed for removal.	Yes



B4 – Accessible and adaptable	To encourage the preservation and management of suitable existing trees, and the planting and management of suitable replacement trees, in a safe and healthy condition. To facilitate the management and/or removal of dangerous and unsuitable trees. To minimise the negative impacts of construction on trees on and near development sites.	-	-
B5 – Stormwater and flood management	O1 To ensure infrastructure design and construction is appropriate to each site. O2 To ensure drainage systems are designed to collect and convey stormwater runoff from the site and into receiving systems with minimal nuisance, danger or damage to the site, adjoining properties or Council's property. O3 To produce quality engineering works for all developments. O4 To encourage the consideration of possible engineering constraints to the development at the first stage of the design of the development. O5 To ensure public infrastructure managed by Council is not compromised by development.	A stormwater plan has been provided which outlines an acceptable method of stormwater disposal – gravity fed to the kerb and gutter at the street. No OSD is provided as the development has a pervious area of less than 66%. The site is flood affected however clearance beneath the floor of the proposal has been allowed for water to pass through. The minimum habitable floor level seeks lenience based on the following: 1. The floor level remains as existing and; 2. The consolidated proposed Bankstown Canterbury 2021 DCP integrates a new overland flow risk precinct which allows for a 300mm freeboard	Yes

	To encourage a more sustainable urban	within its guidelines. Dwelling is located within shallow overland flow inundation and if a freeboard of only 300mm is required, then the proposal would comply. 3. The proposal currently falls short of the required 500mm freeboard by 150mm which is small and would not mitigate any minor overland flow impact. There will also be inconsistencies compared with floor level of the existing building, which within the rules and guidelines of the Bankstown 2015 DCP compliance may be considered and allowed.	
B6 – Energy and water conservation	To encourage a more sustainable urban environment where energy efficiency is incorporated into the design, construction and use of buildings. To reduce consumption of energy from non-renewable sources, and reduced greenhouse gas emissions.	Passive design has been considered and a BASIX Certificate and Waste Management Plan have been provided.	Yes
B7 – Crime prevention and safety	To reduce the potential for crime through creating safer urban environments. To contribute to the safety and liveliness of the street by allowing for natural overlooking of the street.	The proposal seeks for overlooking of the street through the use of patios and front lighting. As such, the proposal positively	Yes



	To raise community awareness and promote	contributes to Crime	
	design as a genuine crime prevention strategy	Prevention.	
	and identify the community's role in the crime	Trevention.	
	prevention process.		
B8 – Heritage	N/A	-	-
	O1 To ensure that facilities for handling,		
	storage, collection and disposal of waste are		
	incorporated into all development and are	A waste management	
	compatible with the design of the	plan has been	
	development.	provided which details	
	O2 To encourage the reduction in the	the waste	
	generation of waste and maximise reuse	management of	
	and recycling of building/construction	materials during	
B9 – Waste	materials, household generated waste and industrial/commercial waste through:	demolition and	Yes
D9 - Waste	(a) Practical building designs and construction	construction.	163
	techniques,		
	(b) Design and location of waste facilities, that	Ongoing waste will be	
	will assist waste and	as per typical	
	recycling collection and management services	expectations, utilising	
	offered by Council and	the Council red, yellow and green bins.	
	private contractors; and	and green bins.	
	(c) Waste facilities that are easy to use for		
	occupants.		
B10 – Use of	N/A	-	-
footpaths			
B11 – Bushfire risk	N/A	-	-
TISK	Part C - Residential Accommodat	l tion	
	C1 Dwelling Houses and Outbuild		
		0-	
	To ensure all neighbourhoods are safe and	The dwelling	
	To ensure all neighbourhoods are safe and comfortable.	The dwelling promotes safety and	
	comfortable.	promotes safety and	
	comfortable. To ensure a diversity of well-designed	promotes safety and is also a positive	
	comfortable. To ensure a diversity of well-designed dwellings that are sympathetic to the density and function of each neighbourhood. To ensure residential streets and yards are	promotes safety and is also a positive impact on the existing streetscape by providing a high	
	comfortable. To ensure a diversity of well-designed dwellings that are sympathetic to the density and function of each neighbourhood. To ensure residential streets and yards are green and leafy, with substantial	promotes safety and is also a positive impact on the existing streetscape by providing a high quality design	
C1.1 General	comfortable. To ensure a diversity of well-designed dwellings that are sympathetic to the density and function of each neighbourhood. To ensure residential streets and yards are green and leafy, with substantial tree canopy.	promotes safety and is also a positive impact on the existing streetscape by providing a high	
	comfortable. To ensure a diversity of well-designed dwellings that are sympathetic to the density and function of each neighbourhood. To ensure residential streets and yards are green and leafy, with substantial tree canopy. To ensure buildings are adequately setback	promotes safety and is also a positive impact on the existing streetscape by providing a high quality design	Yes
C1.1 General Objectives	comfortable. To ensure a diversity of well-designed dwellings that are sympathetic to the density and function of each neighbourhood. To ensure residential streets and yards are green and leafy, with substantial tree canopy. To ensure buildings are adequately setback from existing structures to	promotes safety and is also a positive impact on the existing streetscape by providing a high quality design	Yes
	comfortable. To ensure a diversity of well-designed dwellings that are sympathetic to the density and function of each neighbourhood. To ensure residential streets and yards are green and leafy, with substantial tree canopy. To ensure buildings are adequately setback from existing structures to facilitate household activities and landscaping.	promotes safety and is also a positive impact on the existing streetscape by providing a high quality design	Yes
	comfortable. To ensure a diversity of well-designed dwellings that are sympathetic to the density and function of each neighbourhood. To ensure residential streets and yards are green and leafy, with substantial tree canopy. To ensure buildings are adequately setback from existing structures to facilitate household activities and landscaping. To ensure that development provides good	promotes safety and is also a positive impact on the existing streetscape by providing a high quality design	Yes
	comfortable. To ensure a diversity of well-designed dwellings that are sympathetic to the density and function of each neighbourhood. To ensure residential streets and yards are green and leafy, with substantial tree canopy. To ensure buildings are adequately setback from existing structures to facilitate household activities and landscaping. To ensure that development provides good amenity, solar access and privacy	promotes safety and is also a positive impact on the existing streetscape by providing a high quality design	Yes
	comfortable. To ensure a diversity of well-designed dwellings that are sympathetic to the density and function of each neighbourhood. To ensure residential streets and yards are green and leafy, with substantial tree canopy. To ensure buildings are adequately setback from existing structures to facilitate household activities and landscaping. To ensure that development provides good amenity, solar access and privacy for occupiers of new and existing buildings.	promotes safety and is also a positive impact on the existing streetscape by providing a high quality design	Yes
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	comfortable. To ensure a diversity of well-designed dwellings that are sympathetic to the density and function of each neighbourhood. To ensure residential streets and yards are green and leafy, with substantial tree canopy. To ensure buildings are adequately setback from existing structures to facilitate household activities and landscaping. To ensure that development provides good amenity, solar access and privacy for occupiers of new and existing buildings.	promotes safety and is also a positive impact on the existing streetscape by providing a high quality design	Yes
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C1.2.2 Site Coverage C1.2.3 Isolated Sites C1.2.4 Landscaping C1.2.5 Layout C1.2.5 Layout C1.2.5 Layout C1.2.5 Layout C1.2.5 Layout C1.2.6 Coverage C2.6 Coverage C3.2 Coverage C3.2 Coverage C4.2 Coverage C5.2 Coverage C6.2 Coverage C6.2 Coverage C7.2 Coverage C8.2 Coverage C9.2 To end and and and and and and and and and a	relopment whilst providing adequate	subdivision of the	
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To en acce To en acco To en acco To en acco To en acco Of re and To en area space Soil properties and it is in account and account acc	enity for occupants of the site and	existing allotment.	
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C1.2.2 Site Coverage C1.2.2 Site Coverage C1.2.3 Isolated Sites C1.2.3 Isolated Sites C1.2.4 Landscaping C1.2.4 Landscaping C1.2.5 Layout C1.2.5 Layout C1.2.5 Layout C1.2.5 Layout C1.2.5 Layout C1.2.5 Layout C1.2.6 Space space soil parents are a space space soil parents are a space s	ensure that the scale and mass of	<60%	
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C1.2.2 Site Coverage Site Are Space Soil p Supp Site Are Site Are C1.2.3 Isolated Sites C1.2.3 Isolated Sites C1.2.4 Landscaping C1.2.4 Landscaping C1.2.5 Layout C1.2.5 Layout C1.2.5 Layout C1.2.5 Layout C1.2.5 Layout C1.2.5 Layout C2 D C3 Are Site Are Space Spac	ensure there is adequate unbuilt upon		
C1.2.2 Site Coverage Soil g supp Site Are I for example of the property	as to allow for private open		
Coverage soil p support suppor	ce, substantial landscaped areas and deep		V
Suppose Suppos	planting capable of		Yes
C1.2.3 Isolated Sites C1.2.3 Isolated Sites C1.2.4 Landscaping C1.2.4 Landscaping C1.2.5 Layout C1.2.5 Layout Site Are Layout Site Are Layout C1.2.6 Layout C1.2.7 Layout Site Are Layout C1.2.8 Layout Site Are Layout	porting large trees.		
C1.2.3 Isolated Sites C1.2.3 Isolated Sites C1.2.4 Landscaping C1.2.4 Landscaping C1.2.5 Layout C1.2.5 Layout C1.2.5 Layout	porting large trees.		
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C1.2.3 Isolated Sites C1.2.3 Isolated Sites C1.2.4 Landscaping C1.2.4 C1.2.5 Layout C1.2.5 Layout C1.2.5 Layout	449m ² 300m ² 30m ² 60% -to 599m ² 330m ² 45m ² 50%		
C1.2.3 Isolated Sites C1.2.3 Isolated Sites C2. Tisolated the sit is it under the sit is it under the sit isolated the sit is it under the sit isolated the sit is it under the sit isolated the sit is it is it under the sit isolated the sit is it is it under the sit isolated the sit is it is it under the sit isolated the sit is it is it under the sit isolated the sit is it is it under the sit isolated the sit is it is it is it under the sit is it is it under the sit is it is	2 to 899m² 380m² 60m² 40% 2 or above 430m² 60m² 40%		
C1.2.3 Isolated Sites C1.2.3 Isolated Sites C2. Tisolated the sit is it under the sit is it under the sit isolated the sit is it is i	To ensure that land adjoining a	N/A	
C1.2.3 Isolated Sites C1.2.3 Isolated Sites C2. Tisolathe shape	relopment site is not left sterilised or		
C1.2.3 Isolated Sites C1.2.3 Isolated Sites C2. Trisolates To end and and and and and and and and and a	ated so that		
C1.2.3 Isolated Sites C2.T isolated the s mair occu To el lands and To m deep infilt c1 p To el envir	incapable of being reasonably developed		
Sites O2 T isola the s mair occu To e land and To m deep infilt c1 p T C2 p To el envir	der the applicable controls.		
C1.2.5 Layout isola the s mair occu To er lands and To m deep infilt c1 p To er envir	To encourage the development of existing		-
C1.2.4 Landscaping To elegand and and and and and and and and and	ated sites in a manner that responds to		
C1.2.4 Landscaping To el envir	sites, context and constraints and		
C1.2.4 Landscaping C1.2.4 C2 To end and and and and and and and and and a	intains high levels of amenity for future		
C1.2.4 Landscaping To ellands and To m deep infilt c1 p To ell envir	Ç		
C1.2.4 Landscaping To en envir	upants and neighbours.	. 450/	
C1.2.4 Landscaping To m deep infilt c1 p To el envir	ensure new development is appropriately	>15%	
C1.2.4 Landscaping To m deep infilt c1 p T2 p To e1 envir	dscaped to provide a pleasant outlook		
C1.2.4 Landscaping C2 D To el envir	I contribute to the amenity of a property.		
Landscaping infilt c1 p c2 p To ei envii effici	minimise stormwater run-off by retaining		
To en envir	p soil areas that facilitate rainwater		
To el envir	tration.		Yes
To en envir	Deep soil permeable areas must be provided in accordance with the table below:		
To en envir	Site Area Minimum Deep Soil Area (% of site area) Up to 449m² 15% 450m² to 599m² 20%		
To en envir	490fF to 999fF 20% 600m ² or above 25%		
To el envii effici	Table C1.2: Minimum Deep Soil Areas		
C1.2.5 Layout envii	Deep soil areas must have a minimum dimension of 2.5m.	C !:	
C1.2.5 Layout effici	encourage a more sustainable urban	Complies	
C1.2.5 Layout cons	rironment where energy		
i cons			
l and Orientation I	_		Yes
To re	reduce consumption of energy from non-		
rene	ewable sources, and		
redu	uced greenhouse gas emissions.		
C1.3 Building 0.55:	5:1	FSR - 0.31:1	Voc
Envelope			Yes
To re redu	ciency is incorporated into the design, estruction and use of buildings. reduce consumption of energy from non- ewable sources, and uced greenhouse gas emissions.	FSR _ 0 31·1	Yes

	T		
64.0.4.51	7m wall height (Basement, retaining wall, attic,	Height – 5.4m MAX	
C1.3.1 Floor	cut and fill are all not applicable)		
Space Ratio			
C1.3.2 Height			
	To establish the desired spatial proportions of		
	the street and define the street		
	edge.		
	To limit the scale and bulk of development by		
	retaining landscaped open		
	space around.		
	To contribute to the natural landscape by		
	retaining adequate space for new		
	trees and conserving existing visually		
	prominent trees.		
	To provide sufficient separation between		
	buildings and adjacent land to limit		
	the visual, environmental and likely potential amenity impacts of new		
	development.		
	Setback Controls		
	Maximum 2m recess for the main entrance from the front building line. Where the existing front setback is less than 5.5m, further encroachments	Yes.	
	by alterations and additions are not acceptable. Side Setbacks • Minimum setback of 900mm from side boundaries. • Alterations and additions may be in line with the existing ground level		
	Rear Setbacks • Minimum setback of 6m from the rear boundary.	Side setbacks are	
	Table C1.3: Dwelling Houses with frontage of 12.5m or less Setback Controls	>0.9m, rear setback is	
	Front Setback • Minimum setback of 6m or the average of the existing setback of the nearest dwelling house to either side of the site.	>6m, and front	
C1.3.3 Setbacks	Maximum 2m recess for the main entrance from the front building line. Side Setbacks Minimum setback of minimum setback of 1m from side boundaries.	setback remains as	Yes
C1.5.5 SCIBACKS	Corner lots: minimum setback of 2m from the secondary street frontage (the longer street boundary).	existing.	103
	Rear Setbacks • Minimum setback of 6m from the rear boundary. Table C1.4: Dwelling Houses with frontages widths of 12.5m or greater	•	
	Setback Side Setbacks • External wall height over 2.7m a minimum setback of 450mm from the	Continue to a continue	
	side boundary. External wall height not exceeding 2.7m may encroach into the minimum setback area.	Swimming pool is at rear and is at least 1m	
	Table C1.5: Outbuildings (including alterations and additions)	from side.	
	Exceptions and Other Requirements	nom side.	
	External walls that enclose rooms, storage		
	areas and/or garages are not to encroach		
	beyond the specified setbacks.		
	For first floor additions, front and side		
	setbacks may match the ground floor wall		
	alignment of the existing dwelling for a depth		
	of 10m or 50% of the length of the façade,		
	whichever is the greater.		
	Minimum setback of 1m from any side or rear		
	boundary for swimming pools and		
	associated terraces. Landscaping shall be		
	provided in the setback area to screen the		
	pool from neighbours. Swimming pools must not be located within		
	any front setback.		
	any none setback.		

One garage or carport may be constructed with a nil rear setback for sites that adjoin a rear laneway.

The garage or carport must not comprise more than 50% of the rear boundary frontage to a lane and not be wider than 6m. For a residential building that does not have basement parking lightweight carports may extend beyond the required side boundary setback.

Car parking structures must satisfy BCA requirements.

For existing dwellings one single space carport may encroach beyond the minimum front setback, where it can be demonstrated that vehicular access cannot be provided behind the building line given that side driveway access is less than 2.7m. Carports must not be wider than 3m.

On land identified as having a height of 9.5m on the Map, the following parking structures may encroach beyond the minimum front or side setback:

One carport that is not wider than 6m.
On sites that rise from the street frontage, one garage that is not wider than 6m and no higher than 3m above street level.
The following minor building elements may project up to 1m into the minimum side setback area:

Roof eaves, awnings, pergolas and patios; Stair or ramp access to the ground floor; Rainwater tanks; and

Terraces above basement parking that are no higher than 1m above ground level (except dwelling houses, semi-detached dwellings and dual occupancy).

Elements that articulate a front elevation of a dwelling house, such as awnings, balconies, patios, pergolas, porches, porticoes and verandas, may project up to 1.5m into the required front setback articulation zone.

On steeply sloping land basements and basement parking are acceptable only if they: Do not extend beyond the exterior walls or ground floor patios of the dwelling. Accommodate only entrance lobby, stairway, car parking or storage, but do not

	accommodate any habitable room. Are not capable of future alteration to accommodate any habitable room.		
C1.3.4 Building Separation	The following controls apply to alterations and additions to dwelling houses: (a) The top storey of any two-storey building should be designed, as a series of connected pavilion elements. (b) Pavilion elements shall have a depth between 10m to 15m. (c) Articulate pavilion elements by an additional side boundary setback, and identified by separate roofs.	N/A	_
C1.4 Building Design	To ensure that development is coordinated with, and complements, the public domain to enhance the character and the image of the streetscape. To ensure that development provides good amenity for occupants of new and existing development, including reasonable solar access, privacy, and natural ventilation. To ensure alterations and additions complement the architectural character of the existing building or is of a contemporary design that is appropriate in its context. To facilitate positive interaction between the private and public domain. To maximise passive surveillance to promote safety and security. To encourage effective articulation of building design to reduce the appearance of scale, enhance visual interest and ensure a diversity of built form. To ensure all elements of the façade and roof are integrated into the architectural form and detail of the building, and enhance streetscape appearance. To encourage high standards of amenity through appropriate dimensions and configurations of habitable rooms.	The objectives and controls have been complied with as demonstrated in the plans. the proposal is contemporary and has followed the guidelines of building entries, internal dwelling layout, facade treatment, windows, ventilation.	Yes
C1.4.2 Roof Design and Features	To ensure that roof design is compatible with the building style and does not visually dominate the building or other roofs in the locality.	The roof complies with the controls and objectives.	Yes

	To promote roof design that assists in regulating climate within the building. To reduce the impact of large surfaces of roof when viewed from other buildings and public spaces.		
C1.5 Amenity C1.5.1 Solar Access and Overshadowing	To ensure habitable rooms have reasonable daylight access. To minimise overshadowing of primary living areas , private open space and solar roof top systems. To enable occupants to adjust the quantity of daylight to suit their needs.	Shadow diagrams have been provided which demonstrate compliance and allow for solar access to private open spaces of adjoining dwellings as well as solar access to the subject dwelling.	Yes
C1.5.2 Visual Privacy	To ensure reasonable levels of visual privacy is achieved for residents, inside a building and outside within the property, during the day and at night. To ensure visual privacy is not compromised whilst maximising outlook and views from main living areas and private open space. To promote passive surveillance of public and semi-public areas.	The proposal has been designed in accordance with the objectives and controls, providing frosted windows to wet areas and high sill heights to overlooking rooms.	Yes
C1.5.3 Acoustic Privacy	O1 To ensure reasonable levels of acoustic privacy are available for residents, externally and internally, during the day and at night. O2 To minimise the effect of excessive ambient noise through siting and architectural design and detailing. O3 To minimise the impact of rail and road noise and vibration for dwelling occupants. O4 To protect new and existing dwellings from intrusive noise.	The acoustic privacy will be maintained and is acceptable.	Yes
C1.6 Fences and Ancillary Development	To ensure that fences are integrated into the architectural form and detail of a building and present an appealing streetscape appearance. To reduce the impact of large areas of fencing that detract from other buildings and fences in the area. To facilitate positive interaction between private and public domain.	No fences are proposed.	Yes
C1.6.2 Outbuildings and Swimming Pools	Outbuildings C1 Development for the purposes of outbuildings must not exceed the following numerical requirements: A maximum height of building of 4.8m for any outbuilding.	The swimming pool is at the rear with setbacks that comply.	Yes

	A maximum external wall height of 3.5m for any outbuilding.		
	Swimming Pools C2 Swimming pools must not be located within any front setback. C3 Minimum setback of 1m from any side or rear boundary for swimming pools and associated terraces. Landscaping shall be provided in the setback area to screen the pool from neighbours.		
C1.6.3 Building Services	To reduce impact of services and utilities through their integration with the design of landscaped areas and buildings.	All facilities have been integrated and do not detract from the typical setting of services in the streetscape.	Yes

4. EVALUATION – SECTION 4.15

This section considers the likely environmental impacts of the proposal, in accordance with Section 79C of the EP & A Act, 1979.

STATUTORY AND POLICY COMPLIANCE

The proposal has been assessed in relation to all relevant SEPP's and LEP's above in the Statement of Environmental Effects. There are no SEPP's which are relevant to the proposal.

The LEP which is relevant to the proposal is: Canterbury Local Environmental Plan 2012. The proposal is considered to satisfy the above relevant Local Environmental Planning Instrument as the development is within zoning regulations. It remains consistent with the relevant objectives of the LEP as it promotes the orderly and economic development of the LGA in a manner consistent with the need to protect the environment and does not adversely affect the identity of the Canterbury-Bankstown Council area.

NATURAL ENVIRONMENT IMPACTS)

The proposal's impacts to the natural environment will be in keeping with typical expectations. It adopts typical construction, operational and recycling methods. Further, the DA is accompanied by a BASIX certificate which stipulates the inclusion of a range of natural resource usage minimisation measures as part of the development.

BUILT ENVIRONMENT IMPACTS

Overall, the proposal's built environment impacts are acceptable. In particular, it's overall scale and building envelope is generally consistent with alterations and additions



developments in the LGA. Further, it has also been demonstrated that the proposal's amenity related impacts are not unreasonable.

SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC IMPACTS

The proposed development is unlikely to have any social or economic impacts on the surrounding area.

THE SUITABILITY OF THE SITE FOR THE DEVELOPMENT

The site is suitable as it is located in a residential zone where the proposal is permissible and relevant objectives are met.

5 CONCLUSION

The report prepared by Renovate Plans – Building Designers Pty Ltd have effectively outlined the relevant regulations and objectives required to be adhered to. The proposal offers numerous benefits to the community, amenity and overall appearance of the subject site.

All work carried out is to be compliant with Canterbury-Bankstown Council regulations, Australian Standards and the National Construction Code requirements. The proposed development is justified within this statement.

If you require any further information or would like to discuss any matters related to the development or this statement, please do not hesitate to contact us.

Renovate Plans - Building Designers Pty Ltd